NASA CR 165,824



NASA Contractor Report 165824

MOMENTS OF INCLINATION ERROR DISTRIBUTION COMPUTER PROGRAM

NASA-CR-165824 19840021432

T. R. Myler

VOUGHT CORPORATION
P. O. Box 225907
Dallas, Texas 75265

LIBRARY COPY

JAH 25 1982

LANGLEY RESEARCH CENTER LIBRARY, NASA HAMPTON, VIRGINIA

NASA Contract NAS1-15000 December 1981

FOR EARLY DOMESTIC DISSEMINATION

Because of its significant early commercial potential, this information, which has been developed under a U.S. Government program, is being disseminated within the United States in advance of general publication. This information may be duplicated and used by the recipient with the express limitation that it not be published. Release of this information to other domestic parties by the recipient shall be made subject to these limitations.

Foreign release may be made only with prior NASA approval and appropriate export licenses. This legend shall be marked on any reproduction of this information in whole or in part.

Review for géneral release December 31, 1983

National Aeronautics and Space Administration

Langley Research Center Hampton, Virginia 23665



TABLE OF CONTENTS

		I	PAGE
SUMM	ARY .		1
1.0	INTR	ODUCTION	2
2.0	DEFI	NITIONS	3
	2.1	Notation	3
	2.2	Flowchart Conventions	4
3.0	PROG	RAM DESCRIPTION	5
	3.1	General	5
	3.2	Program Theory	6
	3.3	User Instructions	9
		3.3.1 Fixed Field Format	9
		3.3.2 NAMELIST Format	10
	3.4	Output Description	11
4.0	SUBRO	OUTINE DESCRIPTIONS	14
	4.1	MIED (Main Program)	14
	4.2	CARDS	14
	4.3	corsig	14
	4.4	INPUT	14
	4.5	STAT	14
5.0	PROGI	RAM CODING	15
	5.1	Subroutine Flowcharts	15
	5.2	FORTRAN Listings	15
	5•3	FORTRAN Variable Definition	15
6.0	OTHER	R APPLICATIONS	24
REFER	ENCES	5	25
APPEN	DIX A	A Sample Data Cases	Al
APPEN	DIX F	B FORTRAN Code Listings	В1
ADDEN	אדע כ	Socientific Data Drangging Pouting Summary Decumentation	C1

N82-71695#

MOMENTS OF INCLINATION ERROR DISTRIBUTION COMPUTER PROGRAM

By T. R. Myler Vought Corporation

SUMMARY

This report describes a FORTRAN coded computer program which calculates orbital inclination error statistics using a closed-form solution. This solution uses a data base of trajectory errors from actual flights to predict the orbital inclination error statistics. The methods used to generate the error statistics are of general interest since they have other applications. Included in this report are program theory, user instructions, output definitions, subroutine descriptions and detailed FORTRAN coding information.

1.0 INTRODUCTION

Since 1969, flight experience has been used as the basis for predicting Scout orbital accuracy. The data base of flight experience consists of errors in the trajectory parameters at orbit insertion as observed on Scout flights. This data base is used in a Monte Carlo analysis to calculate error statistics in the orbital parameters. The need arose to generate orbital inclination error statistics using a closed-form solution which included the option of considering non-zero mean values and correlation between the variables in the data base. To meet this need, the classical approach of expanding the orbital inclination relationship by a multivariable Taylor series was chosen. The mechanization of this process resulted in computer program Moments of Inclination Error Distribution (acronym MIED) and is described herein.

2.0 DEFINITIONS

2.1 Notation

Symbols used in this report are listed below with their definition and units.

English Alphabet

${ m c_E}$	east component of position, ft
c_{N}	north component of position, ft
$C_{\mathbf{R}}$ $\mathbf{E}(\mathbf{x})$	crossrange, n.mi.
E(x)	expected value of x
1	orbit inclination, deg.
n	number of samples
R	range, n.mi.
r_{e}	earth radius, ft

Greek Alphabet

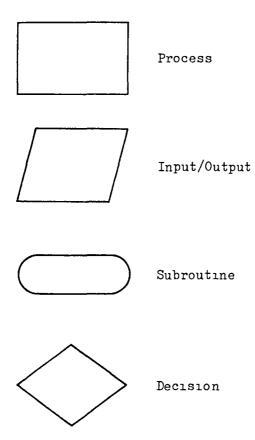
а	longitude, deg
Δ	deviation from nominal
\$	azımuth, deg.
λ	latitude, deg.
μ	statistical moment
σ	standard deviation

Superscripts

(*)	adjusted value
Other	
<u>8 x</u>	partial derivative of x to y

2.2 Flowchart Conventions

Flowchart conventions used in this report are as follows:



3.0 PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

This section describes the utilization of the Scout data base, program theory, user instructions and output definitions.

3.1 General

The purpose of computer program MIED is to calculate orbital inclination error statistics from a data base of errors resulting from actual flights. The Scout flight history data base consists of orbit insertion errors in the trajectory parameters - altitude, velocity, flight path angle, flight azimuth, latitude and longitude. This data base is shown in Table 3.1.

The Scout data base includes flights with launch azimuths ranging from easterly to southerly to slightly west of south. Latitude errors, which produce inclination errors, result from crossrange errors on easterly flights and range errors on southerly flights. Therefore, latitude errors of the flight history data base are not a consistent sample set of errors for a given flight azimuth at insertion. Since it is necessary to have a consistent set of sample latitude errors, the data base latitude errors are adjusted for the flight azimuth of interest. Knowing the nominal flight azimuth, latitude and their errors on each flight of the data base, range and crossrange errors are calculated. Since range and crossrange errors are independent of the flight azimuth, these errors can be converted to latitude errors for the flight azimuth of interest. This technique is detailed below:

$$C_N = r_e \Delta \lambda$$
 $C_E = r_e \Delta \alpha \cos \lambda$
 $\Delta R = C_N \cos \zeta + C_E \sin \zeta$
 $\Delta CR = C_N \sin \zeta - C_E \cos \zeta$

The above relationships are evaluated for each flight sample of the data base, resulting in range and crossrange errors for each flight. Note that latitude and longitude errors are needed to calculate range and crossrange errors. Since the desired end result is inclination error statistics for a specific flight azimuth and latitude at insertion, the above range and crossrange

errors are converted to a latitude error applicable to this specific flight azimuth, as shown below.

$$C'_{N} = \Delta R \cos \zeta' + \Delta CR \sin \zeta'$$

 $\Delta \lambda' = C'_{N}/r_{e}$

where the primed values pertain to the conditions at which the inclination error statistics are desired.

The above process yields a sample set of adjusted latitude errors and are used in conjunction with the azimuth errors of each flight to generate latitude and azimuth error statistics as described in Section 3.2.

3.2 Program Theory

The classical approach to generating statistical moments of a multivariable system is to use a Taylor series expansion. The derivation of the resulting relationships for a system of correlated variables is presented in Appendix 7B of Reference (1). Applying the orbital inclination relationship to the equations of Appendix 7B yields the algorithm used in computer program MIED.

Orbit inclination has the following relationship to trajectory parameters:

Thus, latitude and azimuth are the system variables. This equation is applied at orbit insertion to obtain the final orbit inclination. Adapting the above relationship to the equations given in Appendix 7B for two variables yields the following:

Expected value =
$$E(1)$$
 = \cos^{-1} { $\cos [E(\lambda)] \sin [E(\zeta)]$ }
+ $\frac{\partial^2 I}{\partial \lambda^2}$ σ_{λ}^2 + $\frac{\partial^2 I}{\partial \zeta^2}$ σ_{ζ}^2
+ $\frac{\partial^2 I}{\partial \lambda^2}$ E {[$\lambda - E(\lambda)$] [$\zeta - E(\zeta)$]}

Variance =
$$\sigma_1^2 = \left(\frac{\partial i}{\partial \lambda}\right)^2 \quad \sigma_{\lambda}^2 + \left(\frac{\partial i}{\partial \xi}\right)^2 \quad \sigma_{\xi}^2$$

$$+ 2 \frac{\partial i}{\partial \lambda} \quad \frac{\partial i}{\partial \xi} \quad E \quad \left\{ [\lambda - E(\lambda)] \mid \xi - E(\xi)] \right\}$$

$$+ \frac{\partial i}{\partial \lambda} \quad \frac{\partial^2 i}{\partial \lambda^2} \quad \mu_3(\lambda) + \frac{\partial i}{\partial \xi} \quad \frac{\partial^2 i}{\partial \xi^2} \quad \mu_3(\xi)$$

$$+ \frac{\partial i}{\partial \lambda} \quad \frac{\partial^2 i}{\partial \xi^2} \quad E \quad \left\{ [\lambda - E(\lambda)] \mid \xi - E(\xi)]^2 \right\}$$

$$+ \frac{\partial^2 i}{\partial \lambda^2} \frac{\partial i}{\partial \xi} \quad E \quad \left\{ [\lambda - E(\lambda)]^2 \mid \xi - E(\xi)] \right\}$$

$$+ 2 \frac{\partial i}{\partial \xi} \quad \frac{\partial^2 i}{\partial \lambda \partial \xi} \quad E \quad \left\{ [\lambda - E(\lambda)] \mid \xi - E(\xi)]^2 \right\}$$

$$+ 2 \frac{\partial i}{\partial \xi} \quad \frac{\partial^2 i}{\partial \lambda \partial \xi} \quad E \quad \left\{ [\lambda - E(\lambda)] \mid \xi - E(\xi)]^2 \right\}$$

Third moment =
$$\mu_3(i) = \left(\frac{\partial i}{\partial \lambda}\right)^3 \quad \mu_3(\lambda) + \left(\frac{\partial i}{\partial \zeta}\right)^3 \quad \mu_3(\zeta)$$

$$+ 3 \left(\frac{\partial i}{\partial \lambda}\right)^2 \quad \frac{\partial i}{\partial \zeta} \quad E \quad \left\{ \left[\lambda - E(\lambda)\right]^2 \left[\zeta - E(\zeta)\right] \right\}$$

$$+ 3 \quad \frac{\partial i}{\partial \lambda} \quad \left(\frac{\partial i}{\partial \zeta}\right)^2 \quad E \quad \left\{ \left[\lambda - E(\lambda)\right] \left[\zeta - E(\zeta)\right]^2 \right\}$$

Fourth moment =
$$\mu_4(i) = \left(\frac{\partial i}{\partial \lambda}\right)^4 \mu_4(\lambda) + \left(\frac{\partial i}{\partial \zeta}\right)^4 \mu_4(\zeta)$$

+ $4\left(\frac{\partial i}{\partial \lambda}\right)^3 \frac{\partial i}{\partial \zeta} \in \left\{ \left[\lambda - E(\lambda)\right]^3 \left[\zeta - E(\zeta)\right] \right\}$
+ $4\frac{\partial i}{\partial \lambda} \left(\frac{\partial i}{\partial \zeta}\right)^3 \in \left\{ \left[\lambda - E(\lambda)\right] \left[\zeta - E(\zeta)\right]^3 \right\}$
+ $6\left(\frac{\partial i}{\partial \lambda}\right)^2 \left(\frac{\partial i}{\partial \zeta}\right)^2 \in \left\{ \left[\lambda - E(\lambda)\right]^2 \left[\zeta - E(\zeta)\right]^2 \right\}$

The following equations define the various terms in the inclination statistics relationships shown on the previous pages.

$$E(x) = \text{expected value of } x = \text{mean value of } x$$

$$= \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} \Delta X_{i}}{n}$$

$$\sigma_{x}$$
 = standard deviation of x
$$= \left[\frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} \Delta X^{2}_{i}}{n-1} - E(X_{i}) \right]^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$E\left\{\left[X - E(X)\right]^{k}[Y - E(Y)]^{\ell}\right\} = \text{expected value of } X^{k}Y^{l}$$

$$= \underbrace{\sum_{i=1}^{n} \left[X_{i} - E(X)\right]^{k}[Y_{i} - E(Y)]^{\ell}}_{n}$$

$$\mu_{k}(X) = \underline{\text{kth moment of } X}$$

$$= \underbrace{\sum_{i=1}^{n} \left[\Delta X_{i} - E(X)\right]^{k}}_{n}$$

Differentiating the relationship $i = \cos^{-1}(\cos \lambda \sin \zeta)$, the following partial derivatives are evaluated at the nominal conditions for the desired inclination statistics.

$$\frac{\partial i}{\partial \lambda} = \frac{\sin \lambda \sin \xi}{\sin i}$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 i}{\partial \lambda^2} = \frac{\cos \lambda \sin \xi \sin i - \frac{\sin^3 \xi \sin^2 \lambda \cos \lambda}{\sin i}}{\sin^2 i}$$

$$\frac{\partial I}{\partial \zeta} = \frac{-\cos \lambda \cos \zeta}{\sin I}$$

$$\frac{\partial^{2}I}{\partial \zeta^{2}} = \frac{\cos \lambda \sin \zeta \sin I - \frac{\cos^{3} \lambda \cos^{2} \zeta \sin \zeta}{\sin I}}{\sin^{2} I}$$

$$\frac{\partial^{2}I}{\partial \lambda \partial \zeta} = \frac{\sin \lambda \cos \zeta \sin I + \frac{\sin \lambda \sin^{2} \zeta \cos^{2} \lambda \cos \zeta}{\sin I}}{\sin^{2} I}$$

3.3 User Instructions

MIED utilizes both fixed field and a modified FORTRAN NAMELIST for data input. The flight experience data base is input via fixed field format since the data base normally does not change. The remaining data, which normally changes with each program execution, is input via NAMELIST for flexibility of input format.

Data units are feet, degrees and seconds unless otherwise noted.

Subsequent data cases are allowed by providing NAMELIST data only. All input data is retained on subsequent cases.

Sample data cases are provided in Appendix A.

- 3.3.1 Fixed Field Format The flight data base is input via fixed field format. For each flight the following parameters are input at orbit insertion.
 - o flight identification
 - o option specifying usage of latitude, longitude and azimuth errors.
 - o nominal altitude
 - o nominal latitude
 - o nominal flight azimuth
 - o observed errors in altitude, velocity, flight path angle, flight azimuth, latitude, longitude.

This flight data base, consisting of the parameters shown above, was developed specifically for orbit accuracy calculations for the Scout launch vehicle. Although the use of MIED is not limited to the Scout vehicle, MIED was designed to accept this data base without change even though only nominal latitude, azimuth and observed errors in latitude, longitude and azimuth are used in the MIED calculations. If it becomes desirable to create a new data base, the unused parameters need not be included; but the parameters which are used must remain within the same column ranges as shown on the next page.

Fixed field data must either be right justified in the field or contain a decimal point.

The flight experience data base is input in the order shown on the next page for each flight. Data may be input for up to 100 flights. Preceding the flight data, one title card is used for identification purposes only. Following the flight data, an END card beginning in column 1 is used to specify the end of the flight data.

Fixed Field Input Definition

Column Range	<u>Definition</u>			
1-5	Flight Number			
6 - 9	<pre>Flag = 1 if flight is to be used for latitude and longitude statistics only. = 2 if flight is to be used for latitude, longitude and azimuth statistics. = 3 if flight is to be used for azimuth statistics only. = 4 if flight is not to be used for statistics.</pre>			
10-16	Nominal altitude, n.mi.			
17-23	Altıtude error, n.mı.			
24-30	Velocity error			
31-37	Path angle error			
38 - 44	Azimuth error			
45-52	Latitude error			
53 - 60	Longitude error			
61-70	Nominal latitude			
71-80	Nominal azimuth			

3.3.2 NAMELIST Format - A modified FORTRAN NAMELIST is used for inputting data to MIED. NAMELIST is used because of its readability and simplicity of inputting data. The following rules apply to NAMELIST input to MIED:

- 1. First card of a data group or case is \$INPUTD beginning in column 2. Blanks are not allowed.
- 2. Last card of a data group or case is \$END beginning in column 2. Blanks are not allowed.
- 3. Blanks may not be used within names but may be used elsewhere.
- 4. Variable names are followed by an equal sign which is followed by a value which is followed by a comma, e.g., AZIMUTH = 181.5,
- 5. Only columns 2-72, inclusive, are used.

- 6. Titling information may be input by the appropriate title names, e.g., TITLE1= THIS CASE PROVIDES INCLINATION ERROR STATISTICS
- 7. Any number of names and values may be on a single card or line.

Definitions of specific NAMELIST inputs to MIED are shown below. Default values are shown when they are set by the program prior to reading input data.

NAMELIST Input Definitions

AZMUTH	Nominal geocentric inertial flight azimuth. (0. built-in)
ICOR	Non-zero value results in calculation and and inclusion of correlation terms in the inclination error statistics. (1. built-in)
IMEAN	Non-zero value results in calculation and inclusion of mean values in latitude, longitude and azimuth in the inclination error statistics. (l. built-in)
LAT	Nominal geocentric latitude. (0. built-in)
SIGAZ	If zero, the standard deviation of azimuth is calculated from the flight experience sample set (0. built-in). If non-zero, this value is used for the standard deviation in azimuth.
TITLE1 TITLE2	Title information printed at top of each page of output. 72 characters maximum.

3.4 Output Description

Both the fixed field and NAMELIST input data are listed verbatim on the output listing (shown in Appendix A on pages Al and A2). These lists provide a quick check of the input data for format correctness and validity.

Following the input data lists, output pages 1 and 2 contain information related to the calculation of latitude error statistics. Page 1 shows those flights with known latitude and longitude errors and the resulting errors in range and crossrange. These range and crossrange errors are along and perpendicular to the nominal azimuth of each flight.

Output page 2 contains adjusted errors in latitude, longitude and inclination for each sample on page 1. The range - crossrange errors of each flight on page 1 are converted to latitude - longitude errors for the nominal flight azimuth input by NAMELIST and shown on page 2. These adjusted errors provide a consistent set of sample errors from which to calculate error statistics involving latitude and longitude. The azimuth errors shown on page 2 are those observed on the flights as input.

Output page 3 contains flight observed azimuth errors. This sample set is used to calculate error statistics involving azimuth.

Output page 4 contains self-explanatory parameters of the inclination error statistics calculations.

Sample data cases are presented in Appendix A.

TABLE 3.1

SCOUT FLIGHT EXPERIENCE
AT ORBIT INSERTION

ERROR FROM PREDICTED

VEHICLE	INSERTION		VELOCITY	PATH	4.7.TM117U	LATITUDE	LONGTINGS
	ALTITUDE	ALTITUDE	VELOCITY FPS	DEG	AZIMUTH Deg	DEG	LONGITUDE
	N.MI.	N.MI.	FF3	UEG	0 2 0	DEG	DEG
S-136	562.8	9.7	-58.5	.77	.28		
5-131	£12.5	6.9	-280.0	36	15		
S-138	383.6	3.2	-107.9	.15	.77		
S-139	404.3	9.9	-29.2	•05	.19		
5-140	505.8	2	67.2	37	91		
5-142	487.1	4.1	142.9	86	29		
5-143	482.2	4.2	112.3	.14	28		
5-145	200.1	-3.5	15.0	75	. 48		
5-146	495.2	-3.7	-24.3	63	0.00		
S-147	353.6	3.8	11.1	98	24		
S-148	197.7	2 • 8	-31.4	17	55		
5-149	576.3	6.0	-38.6	.16	-1.18		
S-150	178.5	1.0	-31.1	63	14	•0638	.0339
S-154	577.0	7	-57.5	.12	•26	0473	0361
S-153	117.1	5	-56.9	63	13		
S-155	279.4	-5.5	94.3	06	•18	1042	.0115
S-156	592.7	2.0	-53.4	05	43	0108	.3134
5-157	565.9	2.8	-34.4	15	73	0429	.3543
S-158	235.3	-2.1	8.0	17	.70	0729	0749
S-162	581.2	-1.7	-29.1	41	07	2190	.4662
5-161	190.5	-5.8	17.0	46	-1.08	0774	.0137 .1321
S-165	375.8	-2.3	72.4	72 57	-1.36 25	0345 0300	.0690
S-167	147.2	. 4	30.7		93	0801	.0344
S-172	214.0	-5.2	-91.1 -35.0	13 13	•31	0152	.0477
5-169	214.7	-1.3 -13.1	2.0	-1.01	•02	0233	.1267
S-176 S-174	588.3 159.9	-3.1	-38·2	17	69	0656	0159
S-175	294.4	-3·1 7	7.6	07	•11	2135	.0215
5-173	115.5	4.5	-93.0	08	-1.05	1233	*****
S-177	323.3	• 6	-79.4	63	54	.2250	.0386
5-180	486.0	4.7	-202.0	24	.06	.2448	1021
5-163	123.0	4	-129.0	49	12	.1882	.7061
S-163	297.0	-9.2	47.0	47	0.00	.0015	.0170
5-184	263.5	6.7	-8.0	.26	•32	1355	0692
5-182	449.6	8 • C	-177.0	02	•13	. 2266	.1281
S-170	299.7	0.0	-29.5	76	60	.2533	0426
S-185	151.2	-3.5	70.5	-1.14	• 34	0743	0523
5-181	129.5	-3.4	84.2	41	28	0777	.0682
5-176	604.4	14.5	-220.2	03	•17	.3180	.055C
5-190	123.1	2.4	58 • 2	•03	.07	0017	.0943
891-2	405.0	-2.9	149.5	47	62	1845	.1735
5-191	215.2	• 6	45.7	56	20	0857	2038
S-186	124.2	-4.2	3.9	24	•69	0147	5603
5-189	213.5	-5.0	61.1	05	• 28	•0101	3837
5-197	270.2	4.0	39.1	.15	0.00	.0601	.1696
5-194	271.0	. 8	14.1	•03	43	.1489	.0124
S -1 95	194.8	3.4	-25.8	09	.77	.0623	1025
•							

NOTE: LATITUDE, LONGITUDE ERRORS NOT SHOWN ARE NOT AVAILABLE

4.0 SUBROUTINE DESCRIPTIONS

This section provides a brief explanation of each subroutine of MIED.

4.1 MIED (Main Program)

Data is initialized - sample error sets are placed in appropriate arrays - partial derivatives are evaluated at nominal conditions - range and crossrange errors are calculated and converted to latitude and longitude errors - inclination error statistics are calculated.

4.2 CARDS

Subroutine CARDS reads fixed field data in alphanumeric format, writes the data on the output file as read, and writes the data on unit 8 for subsequent reading by the main program in floating point format. CARDS also counts the number of samples input and writes error messages if there are no samples or if they exceed the maximum of 100.

4.3 CORSIG

Subroutine CORSIG calculates statistical means, standard deviations and correlation coefficients from a sample error set of two variables.

4.4 INPUT

Subroutine INPUT reads input data cards in a modified NAMELIST format. Titling information on title cards are placed in appropriate arrays. Non-title cards are written on unit 8 for a NAMELIST read from the main program.

4.5 STAT

Subroutine STAT calculates statistical expected values and moments from a sample error set of two variables.

5.0 PROGRAM CODING

This section presents details about the program coding. Included are flowcharts of each subroutine, FORTRAN listings of each subroutine and definitions of the FORTRAN variables. The information presented in this section is intended to be helpful in developing a thorough understanding of MIED and in making modifications to the program.

5.1 Subroutine Flowcharts

Flowcharts are presented in Figures 5.1 through 5.5. The flowchart conventions used are defined in Section 2.0 of this report.

5.2 FORTRAN Listings

MIED is coded in FORTRAN IV, Reference (2), on the CDC CYBER 175 computer with the NOS/BE 1.4 operating system. Listings of the FORTRAN coding are presented in Appendix B.

5.3 FORTRAN Variable Definition

Definitions of the FORTRAN variables are presented below. This information is normally used only when making modifications to the program.

Definition of FORTRAN Variables Main Program

Variables	<u>Definition</u>
ALPHA3	Skewness of inclination
ALPHA4	Kurtosis of inclination
AZMUTH	Input azımuth, deg
AZR	AZMUTH, rad
CAZ	Cosine of AZMUTH
CEAST	Easterly component of position error, ft
CLAT	Cosine of LAT

CNORTH Northerly component of position error, ft

COV Covariance matrix of latitude, longitude,

azımuth, deg

CZ Cosine of azimuth of flight sample

DAZ Azımuth error of input sample data, deg

DCR Crossrange error, nm

DEG Degrees per radian

DI Inclination error, deg

DLAT Adjusted latitude error, deg

DLG Longitude error of input sample data, deg

DLONG Adjusted longitude error, deg

DLT Latitude error of input sample data, deg

DR Range error, nm

DZ Azımuth error of input sample data, deg

EI Expected value of inclination, deg

ELZ, ELZ2, ELZ3 Expected values of correlation of latitude

EL2Z, EL2Z2, EL3Z and azımuth

FTNM Feet per nautical mile

ICODE Option of input sample data

ICOR Input correlation option

IMEAN Input mean value option

INCL Inclination, deg

INCLR Inclination, rad

IPAGE Page number

IVEH Identifier of input sample data

IVEH2 Identifier of input sample data.

Applies to latitude, longitude error

samples only

IWORD Word 1 of input sample data

KASE Case number

LAT Input latitude, deg

LATR LAT, rad

LGMEAN Mean value of longitude, deg

LT Latitude of input sample data, deg

LTMEAN Mean value of latitude, deg

MEANI Mean value of inclination, deg

M3I Third moment of inclination error, deg3

M3L Third moment of latitude error, deg3

M3Z Third moment of azimuth error, deg3

M4I Fourth moment of inclination error, deg4

M4L Fourth moment of latitude error, deg4

M4Z Fourth moment of azimuth error, deg⁴

NFLT Number of samples

NFLTX Number of samples or zero if

SIGAZ is input non-zero

NFLT2 Number of samples. Applies to

latitude, longitude error samples only

NMAX Dimension of error samples

NSAMP Number of input sample cards read

PIL Partial derivative of inclination to latitude

PILZ Partial derivative of inclination to latitude

and azımuth

PIL2 Second partial derivative of inclination to

latitude

PIZ Partial derivative of inclination to azimuth

PIZ2 Second partial derivative of inclination to

azımuth

RE Earth radius, ft

RHOLL Correlation coefficient of latitude to

longitude

RHOLOZ Correlation coefficient of longitude to

azimuth

RHOLZ Correlation coefficient of latitude to

azımuth

SAZ Sine of AZMUTH

SI Sine of inclination

SIGAZ Input value of standard deviation of azimuth.

deg

SIGI Standard deviation of inclination, deg

SIGL Standard deviation of latitude, deg

SIGLON Standard deviation of longitude, deg

SIGZ Standard deviation of azimuth, deg

SIGZET Standard deviation of azimuth of latitude.

longitude error samples only, deg

SI2 Square of sine of inclination

SLAT Sine of LAT

SINE of azimuth of an individual sample

VARI Variance of inclination, deg²

WORD Array of sample error set data

ZETA Array of azimuths of the sample set

ZM Mean value of azimuth of the latitude,

longitude error samples only

ZMEAN Mean value of azimuth of all error samples

FLOWCHART OF MAIN PROGRAM MIED (CARDS INITIALIZE READ FIXED INPUT DATA FIELD INPUT **START DEFAULTS** DATA (SAMPLE SET) (INPUT READ NAMELIST PLACE SAMPLE DATA EVALUATE PARTIAL IN APPROPRIATE INPUT DATA DERIVATIVES OF ARRAYS ACCORDING INCLINATION TO TO INPUT OPTION OF LATITUDE AND OF EACH SAMPLE AZIMUTH AT NOMINAL CONDITIONS CALCULATE RANGE-CALCULATE THE ADJUSTED CROSSRANGE ERRORS LATITUDE-LONGITUDE ERRORS OF EACH SAMPLE OF EACH SAMPLE BASED ON NOMINAL LATITUDE & AZIMUTH STAT (CORSIG CALCULATE MEANS, STANDARD DEVIATIONS, CALCULATE EXPECTED CORRELATION COEFFICIENTS AND VALUES AND STATISTICAL COVARIANCE MATRIX OF LATITUDE. MOMENTS OF LATITUDE LONGITUDE & AZIMUTH AND AZIMUTH CALCULATE EXPECTED CALCULATE VARIANCE, STANDARD VALUE OF INCLINATION DEVIATION, THIRD AND FOURTH MOMENTS, SKEWNESS AND KURTOSIS OF INCLINATION PRINT RESULTS

Figure 5.1

Figure 5.2
FLOWCHART OF SUBROUTINE CARDS

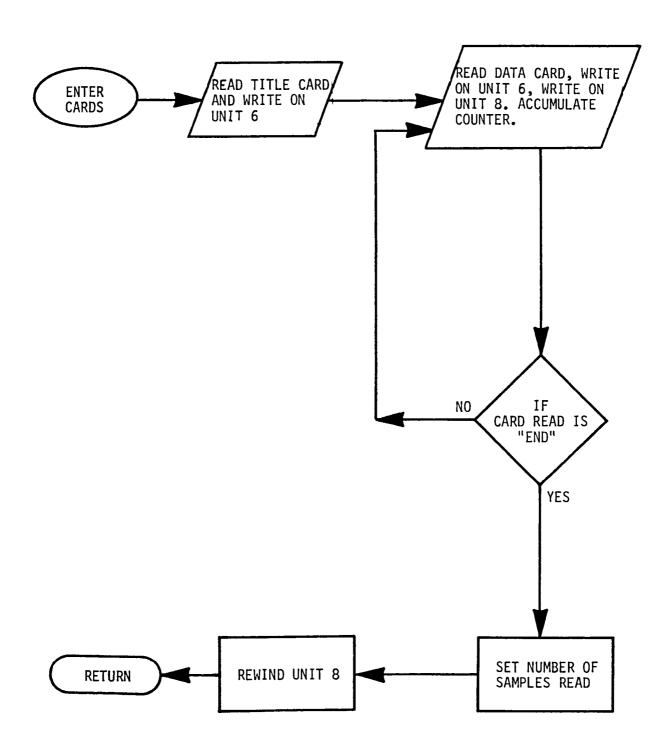


Figure 5.3
FLOWCHART OF SUBROUTINE INPUT

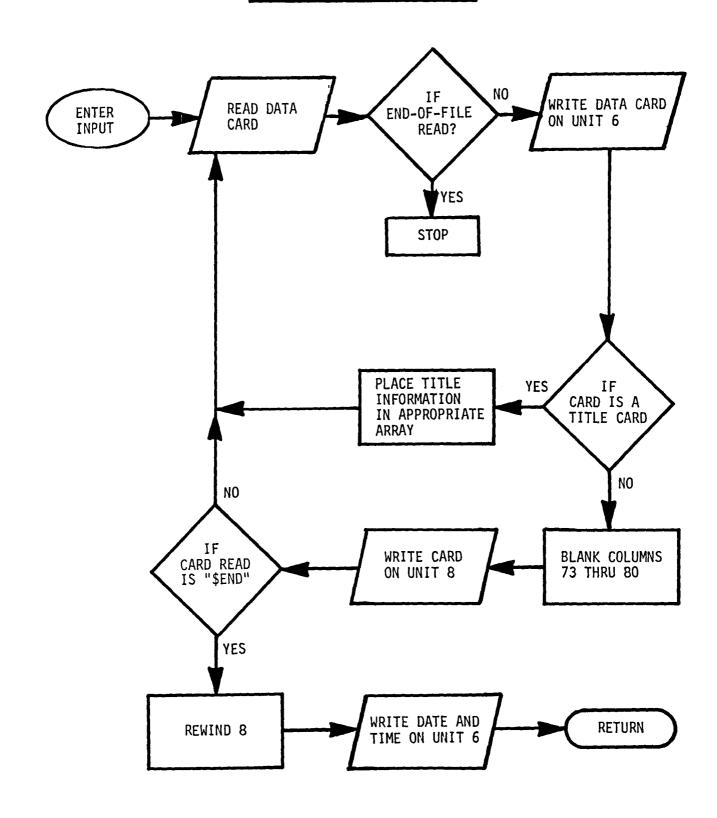


FIGURE 5.4
FLOWCHART OF SUBROUTINE CORSIG

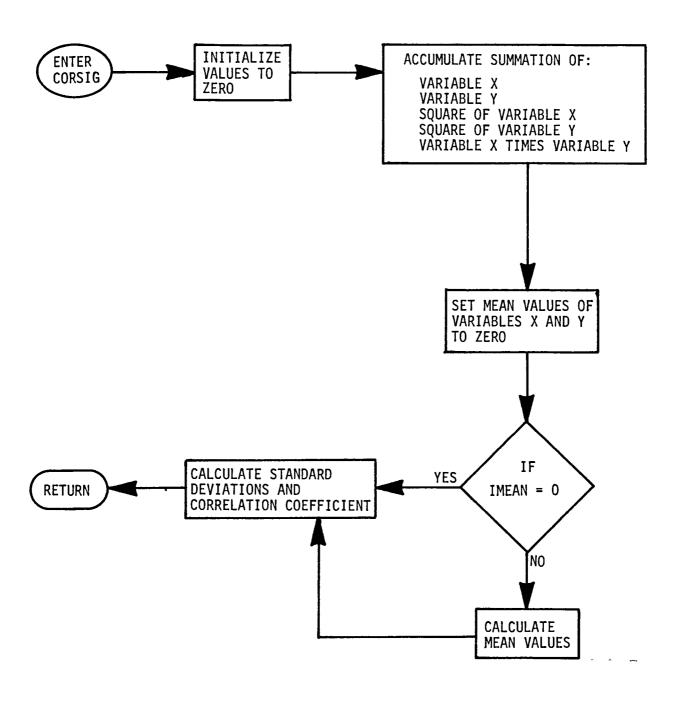
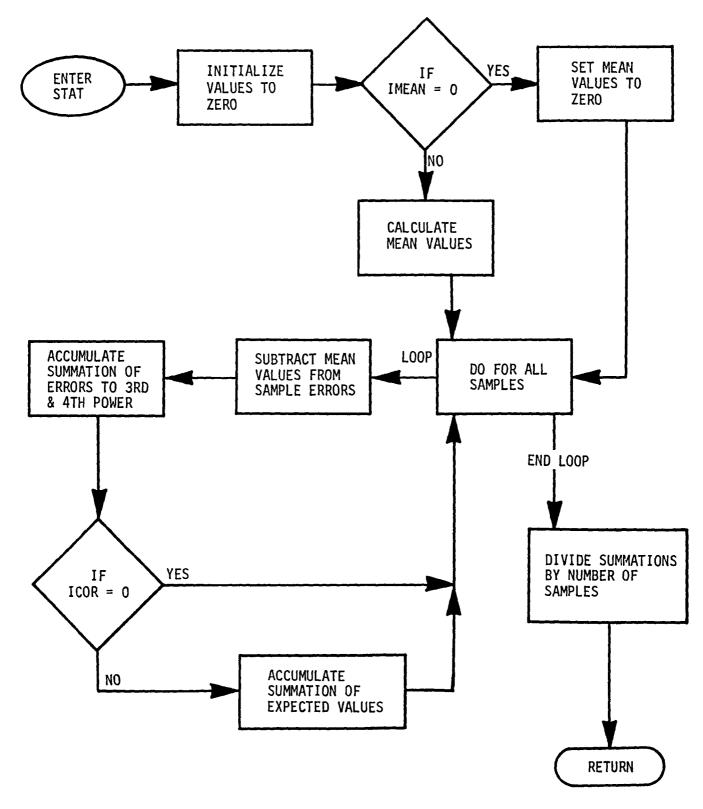


Figure 5.5
FLOWCHART OF SUBROUTINE STAT



6.0 OTHER APPLICATIONS

Various applications can be made of the information provided in this report other than that which computer program MIED was designed to do. As described in Section 3.2, the orbital inclination relationship was applied to the general expressions for moments of a system of components of correlated variables. Since these expressions are general, other relationships of correlated variables can be applied in like manner to yield the expected value, variance, standard deviation and the third and fourth moments.

The concept of using flight experience errors to predict errors of future flights can also be applied to flight parameters other than those presented in this report. An example of another application is Reference (2), which uses flight experience to predict errors in the trajectory and orbital parameters.

Additionally, subroutines STAT, CORSIG and INPUT are written in general form and can be used in other computer programs.

REFERENCES

- 1. Hahn, Gerald J. and Shapiro, Samuel S.: "Statistical Models in Engineering", John Wiley & Sons, Inc., 1967.
- 2. Control Data Corporation, "FORTRAN Extended Version 4 Reference Manual", Revision C, dated 15 April 1977.

APPENDIX A

Sample Data Cases

```
FLIGHT EXPERIENCE
45
S-115 3.
           395.3 18.7
                          -27.8 0.24
                                        0.58
                   0.0
                        -129.3 -0.03
                                        0.78
           396.4
S-118
      3.
           397.5
                   8.5
                         -115.6 0.14
                                       -0.003
S-120
      з.
S-113
       3.
           223.1
                   9.7
                           2.5
                                0.74
                                       -0.338
                        -357.7 0.25
5-122
       3.
           322.1
                   2.4
                                       0.114
           152.0
                   9.7
                        -188.0 0.42
                                       -0.44
5-127
       3.
           479.8
                  -1.2
                        -122.7 0.33
                                       0.455
S-125
       з.
                                       -0.190
           538.2
                        -114.5 -0.38
S-134
       з.
                   6.1
                  -8.7
                         146.0 0.39
           495.2
                                       -0.317
S-123
      з.
                         -62.4 0.49
36.4 -0.17
S-133
      3.
           247.7
                   9.5
                                       -0.061
                                       -0.382
           285.0
S-135
       3.
                   4.8
S-137
      3.
           115.4
                   0.5
                         121.4 -0.41
                                       0.398
                          -58.5 0.766 0.277
           562.8
                   9.7
S-136
       3.
                        -280.0 -0.362 -0.151
-107.9 0.153 0.77
-29.2 0.050 0.188
                   6.9
S-131
           612.5
       3.
           383.8
                   3.2
S-138
       З.
5-139
       3.
           404.3
                   8.9
                          67.2 -0.372 -0.906
S-140
           506.8
                  -0.2
       3.
                          142.9 -0.863 -0.29
S-142
      3.
           487.1
                   4.1
                         112.3 0.135 -0.28
5-143
      3.
           482.2
                   4.2
                  -3.5
                          15.0 -0.752 0.475
           200.1
S-145
      з.
                          -24.3 -0.633 -0.004
      3.
           495.2
                  -3.7
S-146
                          11.1 -0.975 -0.244
      3.
           350.6
                   3.8
S-147
                          -31.4 -0.168 -0.545
           197.7
S-148
                   2.8
       3.
           576.3
                          -38.6 0.161 -1.180
S-149
                   0.0
      3.
                          -31.1 -0.631 -0.136 0.0638 0.0339
                                                                 20.7161
                                                                           171.556
           178.5
                   1.0
S-150
      2.
                                                                 12.1787
                                                                            180.000
                          -57.5 0.124 0.260 -0.0473 -0.0361
                  -0.7
           577.0
S-154
       2.
                         S-153
           117.1
                  -0.5
      3⋅
                                                                 15.0825
                                                                           169.640
                  -5.5
S-155
       2.
           279.4
                          -53.4 -0.049 -0.430 -0.0108
                                                                            180.000
5-156
           582.7
                   2.0
                                                        0.3134
                                                                 12.0870
       2.
                          -34.4 -0.151 -0.727 -0.0429
                                                       0.3543
                                                                 12.1900
                                                                           180.001
S-157
      2.
           565.9
                  2.8
                          8.0 -0.166  0.701 -0.0729 -0.0749 -29.1 -0.405 -0.067 -0.2190  0.4662
                                                                 18.2632
                                                                            179.999
           235.3
                  -2.1
S-158
      2.
                                                                 12.2504
                                                                           180.000
                  -1.7
S-162
           581.2
       2.
                          17.0 -0.459 -1.083 -0.0774 0.0137
                                                                 22.0366
                                                                           188.853
                  -5.8
S-161
           190.5
       2•
                  -2.3
                          72.4 -0.716 -1.361 -0.0345 0.1321
                                                                 13.4573
                                                                            171.761
           376.8
5-165
       2.
                          30.7 -0.569 -0.250 -0.0300
                                                                            184.350
S-167
           147.2
                  0.4
                                                       0.0690
                                                                 23.1376
      2.
                                                                            175.719
                          -91.1 -0.130 -0.929 -0.0801
                                                       0.0344
                                                                 20.8663
S-172
      2.
           216.0
                  -5.2
                  -1.3
                          -35.0 -0.13
                                       0.31 -0.0152
                                                        0.0477
                                                                 17.7236
                                                                            193.313
           214.7
5-169
       2.
                                                       0.1267
                                                                 11.9576
                                                                           180.000
           588.3 -10.1
                           2.0 -1.01
                                        0.02 -0.0233
S-176
      2.
                          -38.2 -0.164 -0.688 -0.0656 -0.0159
                                                                 35.5464
                                                                           103.438
           169.9
                  -3.1
S-174
       2.
                                                                            88.955
           294.4
                           7.6 -0.072 0.109 -0.2135 0.0215
                                                                 -2.7201
S-175
                  -0.7
       2.
           115.5
                          -92.4 -0.074 -1.043
S-173
                   4.6
      3.
                                               0.2250 0.0386
                         -79.0 -0.63 -0.54
                                                                 23.3147
                                                                           137.246
           323.3
                   0.6
S-177
      2.
                        -202. -0.24
-129. 0.49
                                       0.06
                                               0.2448 -0.1021
                                                                 23.5077
                                                                            135.496
           486.0
                  4.7
5-180
      2.
                                               0.1882 0.7061
                                                                 -3.3437
                                                                            90.865
                  -0.4
                                       -0.12
S-163
      2.
           120.0
                          47.0 -0.47
                                                                 15.4234
                                                                            172.737
                                       0.
                                               0.0015 0.0170
           297.0 -9.2
5-183
      2.
END
```

\$INPUTD TITLE1=TEST CASE TITLE2=WITH MEAN WITH CORRELATION IMEAN=1,ICOR=1, LAT=15.263,AZMUTH=187.274, \$END

DATE IS 12/15/80 TIME IS 12.36.45 TEST CASE

WITH MEAN WITH CORRELATION

FLIGHT EXPERIENCE ERRORS

ONLY SAMPLES WITH LATITUDE, LONGITUDE ERRORS

	VEHICLE	LATITUDE DEG	LONGITUDE DEG	AZIMUTH DEG	RANGE NMI	C-RANGE NMI
1	S-150	.064	.034	136	-3.513	2.448
2	S-154	047	036	•260	2.843	-2.121
3	S-155	104	•012	.180	6.281	470
4	S-156	011	.313	430	.649	18.420
5	S-157	043	.354	727	2.578	20.816
6	S-158	073	075	.701	4.382	-4.275
7	S-162	219	• 466	067	13.164	27.384
8	S-161	077	.014	-1.083	4.479	1.470
9	S-165	035	.132	-1.361	3.159	7.345
10	5-167	030	.069	250	1.509	3.940
11	5-172	080	.034	929	4.945	1.567
12	S-169	015	.048	.310	.260	2.868
13	S-176	023	.127	.020	1.401	7.450
14	S-174	066	016	688	.160	-4.016
15	S-175	214	.022	.109	1.057	-12.854
16	S-177	. 225	•039	540	-8.484	10.746
17	S-180	. 245	102	.060	-14.439	6.301
18	S-163	.188	.706	120	42.194	11.951
19	S-183	.002	.017	0.000	•035	.989

TEST CASE WITH CORRELATION

ADJUSTED ERRORS

ONLY SAMPLES WITH LATITUDE, LONGITUDE ERRORS AZIMUTH= 187.274 DEG

	LATITUDE	LONGITUDE	AZIMUTH	INCLINATION
	DFG	DEG	DEG	DEG
,	0.53	050	- 126	_ 122
1	.053	•050	136	133
2	042	042	•260	• 25 <i>2</i>
3	103	022	.180	.177
4	050	.314	430	413
5	086	.350	727	698
6	063	083	.701	.678
7	275	.440	067	056
8	077	.015	-1.083	-1.042
9	068	.119	-1.361	-1.311
16	033	.064	250	240
11	085	.016	929	893
12	010	• 048	.310	•299
13	039	.124	.020	.021
14	•006	069	688	664
15	.010	222	.109	.105
16	•117	• 202	540	524
17	.225	.139	.060	.050
18	722	•112	126	092
19	003	.017	0.000	•000

COVARIANCE MATRIX BASED ON 19 FLIGHTS LATITUDE-LONGITUDE-AZIMUTH-DEG

.035163	005174	.000343
005174	.025925	020693
.000343	020693	.281815

TEST CASE

WITH CORRELATION

AZIMUTH DEVIATIONS(DEG) FLIGHT EXPERIENCE

	FLIGHT	EXLENTENC
1	S-115	.580
2	S-118	.780
3		
	S-120	003
4	S-113	338
5	S-122	.114
6	S-127	440
7	S-125	.455
8	S-134	190
9	5-123	317
10	S-133	061
11	S-135	382
12	S-137	.398
13	5-136	.277
14	S-131	151
15	S-138	.770
16	5-139	.188
17	S-140	906
18	S-142	290
	S-142	280
19	5-143 S-145	
20		•475
21	S-146	004
22	S-147	244
23	S-148	545
24	S-149	-1.180
25	S-150	136
26	S-154	•260
27	5-153	134
28	S -1 55	.180
29	5-156	430
30	5-157	727
31	S-1 58	.701
32	S-162	067
33	S-161	-1.083
34	S-165	-1.361
35	S-167	250
36	S-172	929
37	5-169	.310
38	S-176	.020
39	5-174	688
40	S-175	.109
41	S-173	-1.043
42	S-177	540
43	S-180	.060
44	5-163	120
45	5-183	0.000

- A5 -

TEST CASE
WITH MEAN WITH CORRELATION

NOMINAL VALUES INCLINATION, DEG 97.0161 LATITUDE, DEG 15.2630 AZIMUTH, DEG INCLINATION STATISTICS 187.274 MEAN, DEG -.151370 VARIANCE, DEG .248552 STANDARD DEVIATION, DEG .498550 THIRD MOMENT -.292903E-06 SKEWNESS -.444597 .142631E-07 FOURTH MOMENT KURTOSIS 2.48812 MEAN VALUES LATITUDE, DEG -.655065E-01 .827947E-01 LONGITUDE, DEG AZIMUTH(19 FLIGHTS), DEG AZIMUTH(45 FLIGHTS), DEG -.246895 -.159156 STANDARD DEVIATIONS .187518 LATITUDE, DEG LONGITUDE, DEG .161012 .530862 AZIMUTH(19 FLIGHTS), DEG AZIMUTH(45 FLIGHTS), DEG .517076 CORRELATION COEFFICIENTS .344954E-02 LATITUDE-AZIMUTH LATITUDE-LONGITUDE -.171356 -.242089 LONGITUDE-AZIMUTH

TERMS OF THE INCLINATION STATISTICAL EQUATIONS (I=INCLINATION; L=LATITUDE; Z=AZIMUTH)

PARTIAL DERIVATIVES		EXPECTED VALUES		
UNITLESS		RADIANS		
PIL	335827E-01	ELZ	.104602E-06	
PIL2	122931E+00	EL2Z	.232265E - 07	
PIZ	.964183E+00	ELZZ	.141576E-07	
PIZZ	865801E-02	EL2Z2	.112616E-09	
PILZ	267087E+00	EL3Z	153411E-09	
		ELZ3	•144715E-09	
	MOMENTS	VARI	ANCE TERMS	
	RADIANS		RADIANS	
M3L	721875E-07	TERM1	.120801E-07	
M4L	.955417E-09	TERM2	.757152E-04	
M3Z	325381E-06	TERM3	677401E-08	
H4Z	.165228E-07	TERM4	298017E-09	
		TERM5	.271625E-08	
		TERM6	.411645E-11	
		TERM7	275300E-08	
		TERM8	.416660E-09	
		TERM9	729172E-08	

\$INPUTD TITLE2= NO MEAN WITH CORRELATION IMEAN=0,ICOR=1, \$END

DATE IS 12/15/80 TIME IS 12.36.47

- A7 -

TEST CASE
NO MEAN WITH CORRELATION

FLIGHT EXPERIENCE ERRORS

ONLY SAMPLES WITH LATITUDE, LONGITUDE ERRORS

	VEHICLE	LATITUDE Deg	LONGITUDE Deg	AZIMUTH Deg	RANGE NMI	C-RANĜE NM I
1	S-150	.064	.034	136	-3.513	2.448
2	S-154	047	036	.260	2.843	-2.121
3	S-155	104	.012	.180	6.281	470
4	S-156	011	.313	430	.649	18.420
5	S-157	043	.354	727	2.578	20.816
6	S-158	073	075	.701	4.382	-4.275
7	S-162	219	.466	067	13.164	27.384
8	S-161	077	.014	-1.083	4.479	1.470
9	S-165	035	.132	-1.361	3.159	7.345
10	S-167	030	.069	250	1.509	3.940
11	S-172	080	.034	929	4.945	1.567
12	S-169	015	.048	.310	.260	2.868
13	S-176	023	.127	.020	1.401	7.450
14	S-174	066	016	688	•160	-4.016
15	S-175	214	.022	•109	1.057	-12.854
16	S-177	•225	.039	540	-8.484	10.746
17	S-180	.245	102	.060	-14.439	6.301
18	S-163	.188	.706	120	42.194	11.951
19	S-183	•002	.017	0.000	•035	•989

TEST CASE

WITH CORRELATION

ADJUSTED ERRORS

ONLY SAMPLES WITH LATITUDE, LONGITUDE ERRORS

AZIMUTH= 187.274 DEG

	LATITUDE	LONGITUDE	AZIMUTH	INCLINATION
	DEG	DEG	DEG	DEG
1	.053	.050	136	133
2	042	042	.260	•252
3	103	022	.180	.177
4	050	.314	430	413
5	086	•350	727 '	698
6	063	083	.701	.678
7	275	.440	067	056
8	077	.015	-1.083	-1.042
9	068	.119	-1.361	-1.311
10	033	.064	250	240
11	085	.016	929	893
12	010	.048	.310	.299
13	039	.124	.020	.021
14	.006	069	688	664
15	.010	222	.109	.105
16	.117	.202	540	524
17	.225	.139	.060	.050
18	722	.112	120	092
19	003	.017	0.000	.000

COVARIANCE MATRIX BASED ON 19 FLIGHTS LATITUDE-LONGITUDE-AZIMUTH-DEG

.039454	010597	.016517
010597	.032780	041134
.016517	041134	•342772

TEST CASE

NO MEAN WITH CORRELATION

AZIMUTH DEVIATIONS(DEG) FLIGHT EXPERIENCE

	FIGHT	EXPERTENC
1	S-115	.580
2	S-118	.780
3	S-120	003
4	S-113	338
5	S-122	.114
6	S-127	440
7	S-125	.455
8	5-134	190
9	S-123	317
10	S -133	061
11	S-135	382
12	5-137	.398
13	S-136	.277
14	S -131	151
15	S -1 38	.770
16	S-139	.188
17	S-140	906
18	S-142	290
19	S-143	280
20	S-145	.475
21	S-146	004
22	S-147	244
23	S-148	545
24	S-149	-1.180
25	S-150	136
26	S-154	.260
27	S-153	134
28	S-155	.180
29	S-156	430
30	S-157	727
31	S-158	.701
32	5-162	067
33	S-161	-1.083
34	S-165	-1.361
35	S-167	250
36	S-172	929
37	S-169	•310
38	S-176	.020
39	S-174	688
40	S-175	.109
41	S-173	-1.043
42	S-177	540
43	5-180	.060
44	S -163	120
45	S -1 83	0.000

- A10 -

TEST CASE
NO MEAN WITH CORRELATION

NOMINAL VALUES INCLINATION, DEG 97.0161 LATITUDE, DEG 15.2630 AZIMUTH, DEG 187.274 INCLINATION STATISTICS MEAN, DEG -.141433E-03 VAPIANCE, DEG .271297 STANDARD DEVIATION, DEG .520862 THIRD MOMENT -.128516E-05 SKEMNESS -1.71064 .269679E-07 FOURTH MOMENT KURTOSIS 3.94864 MEAN VALUES 0. LATITUDE, DEG LONGITUDE, DEG AZIMUTH(19 FLIGHTS), DEG 0. ٥. AZIMUTH(45 FLIGHTS), DEG 0. STANDARD DEVIATIONS .198630 LATITUDE, DEG LONGITUDE, DEG AZIMUTH(19 FLIGHTS), DEG .181052 .585467 AZIMUTH(45 FLIGHTS), DEG .541016 CORRELATION COEFFICIENTS .142028 LATITUDE-AZIMUTH -.294676 LATITUDE-LONGITUDE LONGITUDE-AZIMUTH -.388058

TERMS OF THE INCLINATION STATISTICAL EQUATIONS (I=INCLINATION; L=LATITUDE; Z=AZIMUTH)

PARTIAL DERIVATIVES		EXPECTED VALUES			
U	NITLESS		RADIANS		
PIL	335827E-01	ELZ	.503125E-05		
PIL2	122931E+00	EL 2 Z	260757E-07		
PIZ	.964183E+00	ELZZ	998382E-07		
PIZ2	865801E-02	EL272	.198581E-09		
PILZ	267087E+00	EL3Z	.233801E-09		
		ELZ3	.161858E-08		
MOMENTS		VARI	ANCE TERMS		
	RADIANS	RADIANS			
M3L	108251E-06	TERM1	.135543E-07		
M4L	.136630E-08	TERM2	.828885E-04		
M 3 Z	144411E-C5	TERM3	325823E-06		
MAZ	.314280E-07	TERM4	446900E-09		
		TERM5	.120553E-07		
		TERM6	290289E-10		
		TERM7	.309070E-08		
		TERM8	467772E-09		
		TERMO	.514208F-07		

APPENDIX B

FORTRAN Code Listings

```
PROGRAM MIED (INPUT, OUTPUT, TAPES=INPUT, TAPE6=OUTPUT, TAPE8)
         CALCULATES ORBITAL INCLINATION STATISTICS FROM A SAMPLE SET
C
         OF AZIMUTH, LATITUDE AND LONGITUDE ERRORS OBTAINED FROM FLIGHT
C
         EXPERIENCE. EQUATIONS OBTAINED FROM A TAYLOR SERIES EXPANSION.
CCCC
         PEFERENCE, #STATISTICAL MODELS IN ENGINEERING#, BY HAHN AND SHAPIRO.
         ******** FIXED FIELD INPUTS ********
C
         WORD 1 - VEHICLE NUMBER
                                             (COLUMNS 1 - 5)
                                             (COLUMNS 6 - 9)
         WORD 2 = DATA OPTION
C
C
                  =1 FLIGHT SAMPLE IS USED FOR LATITUDE, LONGITUDE
C
                      STATISTICS ONLY
C
                  =2 FLIGHT SAMPLE IS USED FOR LATITUDE, LONGITUDE
C
                      AND AZIMUTH STATISTICS
                   =3 FLIGHT SAMPLE IS USED FOR AZIMUTH STATISTICS ONLY
C
Ċ
                  *4 FLIGHT SAMPLE IS NOT USED FOR STATISTICS
                                             (COLUMNS 10-16)
C
         WORD 3 = NOMINAL ALTITUDE, N.M.
C
                                            (COLUMNS 17-23)
(COLUMNS 24-30)
         WORD
              4 - ALTITUDE ERROR, N.M.
C
         WORD
              5 - VELOCITY ERROR, FPS
                                             (COLUMNS 31-37)
               6 = PATH ANGLE ERROR, DEG
C
         WORD
                                             (COLUMNS 38-44)
               7 = AZIMUTH ERROR, DEG
C
         WORD
C
               8 = LATITUDE ERROR, DEG
                                             (COLUMNS 45-52)
         WORD
                                             (CDLUMNS 53-60)
C
         WORD 9 - LONGITUDE ERROR, DEG
                                             (COLUMNS 61-70)
C
         WORD 10 = NOMINAL LATITUDE, DEG
                                             (COLUMNS 71-80)
         WORD 11 - NOMINAL AZIMUTH, DEG
C
         ********** NAMELIST INPUTS ********
C
C
         AZMUTH= NOMINAL GEOCENTRIC INERTIAL AZIMUTH.
              - NON-ZERO VALUE RESULTS IN INCLUSION OF CORRELATION TERMS IN THE
C
         ICOR
Č
                  INCLINATION STATISTICS.
         IMEAN - NON-ZERO VALUE RESULTS IN CALCULATON OF MEAN VALUES IN
C
                  LATITUDE, LONGITUDE, AZIMUTH. ZERO VALUE ASSUMES ZERO MEANS.
C
               - NOMINAL GEOCENTRIC LATITUDE.
C
         LAT
         SIGAZ = ZERO VALUE RESULTS IN USING INPUT AZIMUTH ERPOR SAMPLE SET TO
C
                 CALCULATE STANDARD DEVIATION. NON-ZERO VALUE RESULTS IN USING
C
                 SIGAZ AS STANDARD DEVIATION.
C
         TITLE1= TITLE PRINTED AT TOP OF EACH PAGE. 72 CHARACTERS MAXIMUM.
C
         TITLEZ TITLE PRINTED AT TOP OF EACH PAGE. 72 CHARACTERS MAXIMUM.
C
C
      IMPLICIT REAL (A-H, L, M, O-Z)
      INTEGER TITLE1, TITLE2
      REAL INCL, INCLR, INCLN
      COMMON /STATS/ FLZ, ELZZ, ELZZ, ELZZ, ELZZ, ELZZ, M3L, M3Z, M4L, M4Z
      DIMENSION DR(100), DCR(100), DZ(100), DLAT(100), DLONG(100),
         DAZ(100), DLT(100), DLG(100), ZETA(100), IVEH(100), IVEH2(100),
         LT(100), WORD(11,100), TITLE1(8), TITLE2(8), COV(3,3), DI(100),
         IWORD (100)
      DATA TITLE1, TITLE2/16*10H
      DATA DEG/57.29578/, RE/20925741./, FTNM/6076.1155/
      NAMELIST /INPUTD/ LAT, AZMUTH, IMEAN, ICOR, SIGAZ
      INCLN(L, A) =ACOS (COS (L/DEG) +SIN(A/DEG)) +DEG
C
      WRITE(6,70)
C
         INITIALIZE
      AZMUTH=0.
```

- B1 -

```
ICOR = 0
      IMEAN=0
      LAT-0.
      SIGAZ=0.
      NMAX=100
      KASE = O
         READ FIXED FIELD INPUT DATA
C
      CALL CARDS (NSAMP, NMAX)
      READ(8,80) (IWORD(J), (WORD(I,J), I=2,11), J=1, NSAMP)
         READ NAMELIST INPUT DATA
C
   10 CONTINUE
      KASE=KASE+1
      CALL INPUT (TITLE1, TITLE2)
      READ(8. INPUTD)
C
C
Ċ
         PLACE SAMPLE SET DATA IN APPROPIATE ARRAYS
      NFLT=0
      NFLT2=0
      DO 40 I=1,NSAMP
ICODE=WORD(2,I)
         GOTO (20,20,30,40), ICODE
          SELECTS SAMPLES TO BE USED FOR LATITUDE, LONGITUDE STATISTICS
C
   20
             NFLT2=NFLT2+1
             IVEH2(NFLT2)=IWORD(I)
             DZ(NFLT2)=WORD(7,I)
             DLT(NFLT2)=WORD(8,I)
            DLG(NFLT2) = WORD(9, I)
            LT (NFLT2) = WORD(10, I)
             ZETA(NFLT2)=WORD(11,I)
             GOTO (40,30,30,40), ICODE
         SELECTS SAMPLES TO BE USED FOR AZIMUTH STATISTICS
C
                NFLT=NFLT+1
   30
                IVEH(NFLT) = IWORD(I)
                DAZ(NFLT)=WORD(7,I)
   40 CONTINUE
         SET-UP
      AZP=AZMUTH/DEG
      LATR=LAT/DEG
      SAZ=SIN(AZR)
      CAZ=COS(AZR)
      SLAT=SIN(LATR)
      CLAT=COS (LATR)
      INCL=INCLM(LAT, AZHUTH)
      INCLR-INCL/DEG
      SI-SIN(INCLR)
      SI2=SI**2
      NFLTX=NFLT
C
C
         COMPUTE PARTIAL DERIVATIVES AT NOMINAL CONDITIONS
Ċ
      PIL=SLAT+SAZ/SI
      PIL2={CLAT+SAZ+SI-SAZ++3+SLAT++2+CLAT/SI)/SI2
      PIZ=-CLAT+CAZ/SI
      PIZ2=(CLAT+SAZ+SI-CLAT++3+SAZ+CAZ++2/SI)/SI2
```

- B2 -

```
PILZ=(SLAT+CAZ+SI+SLAT+SAZ++2+CLAT++2+CAZ/SI)/SI2
C
         CONVERT LATITUDE-LONGITUDE DEVIATIONS TO RANGE-CROSSRANGE DEVIATION
      IPAGE=1
      WRITE(6,90) KASE, IPAGE, TITLE1, TITLE2
      WRITE(6,100)
      DO 50 I=1, NFLT2
         SZ=SIN(ZETA(I)/DEG)
         CZ=COS(ZETA(1)/DEG)
         CNORTH-RE*DLT(I)/DEG
         CEAST=RE+DLG(I)+COS(LT(I)/DEG)/DEG
         DR(I)=(CNORTH+CZ+CEAST+SZ)/FTNM
         DCR(I)=(CNORTH+SZ-CEAST+CZ)/FTNM
         WRITE(6,110) I, IVEH2(I), DLT(I), DLG(I), DZ(I), DR(I), DCR(I)
   50 CONTINUE
         CONVERT RANGE-CROSSRANGE DEVIATIONS TO LATITUDE-LONGITUDE DEVIATION
C
      DO 60 I=1,NFLT2
         CNORTH=DR(I) + CAZ+DCR(I) + SAZ
         CEAST=DR(I) + SAZ-DCR(I) + CAZ
         DLAT(I)=CNORTH/RE+FTNM+DEG
         DLONG(I) = CEAST/RE + FTNM/CLAT+DEG
         DI(I)=INCLN(LAT+DLAT(I), AZMUTH+DZ(I)) - INCL
   60 CONTINUE
      IPAGE=2
      WRITE(6,90) KASE, IPAGE, TITLE1, TITLE2
      WRITE(6,120) AZMUTH
      WRITE(6,130) (I,DLAT(I),DLONG(I),DZ(I),DI(I),I=1,NFLT2)
         COMPUTE SIGMA LATITUDE, LONGITUDE, AZIMUTH AND CORRELATIONS (FLT. EXP.)
C
         PARAMETERS ARE FOR LATITUDE-LONGITUDE SAMPLES ONLY
C
      CALL CORSIG (DLAT, DZ, NFLT2, SIGL, SIGZET, RHOLZ,
                    LTMEAN, ZM, IMEAN, ICOR)
      CALL CORSIG (DLONG, DZ, NFLT2, SIGLON, SIGZET, RHOLOZ,
                    LGMEAN, ZM, IMEAN, ICOR)
      CALL CORSIG (DLAT, DLONG, NFLT2, SIGL, SIGLON, RHOLL,
                    LTMEAN, LGMEAN, IMEAN, ICOP)
         COMPUTE COVARIANCE MATRIX
C
      COV(1,1)=SIGL**2
      COV(1,2)=RHOLL*SIGL*SIGLON
      COV(1,3) = RHOLZ + SIGL + SIGZET
      COV(2,1)=COV(1,2)
      COV(2,2)=SIGLON++2
      COV(2,3)=RHOLOZ*SIGLON*SIGZET
      COV(3,1)=COV(1,3)
      COV(3,2)=COV(2,3)
      COV(3,3)=SIGZET**2
      WRITE(6,140) NFLT2, ((COV(I,J),J=1,3),I=1,3)
         CALCULATE SIGNA AZIMUTH FROM FLIGHT EXPERIENCE(ALL FLIGHTS)
      IPAGE=3
      WRITE(6,90) KASE, IPAGE, TITLE1, TITLE2
      WRITE(6,150) (I, IVEH(I), DAZ(I), I=1, NFLT)
         ZMEAN - AZIMUTH MEAN OF ALL FLIGHTS
¢
      CALL CORSIG (DAZ, DAZ, NFLT, SIGZ, DUM1, DUM2, ZMEAN, DUM3, IMEAN, ICOR)
      IF (SIGAZ.NE.O.) SIGZ=SIGAZ
      IF (SIGAZ.NE.O.) NFLTX=0
      IF (SIGAZ.NE.O.) ZMEAN=O.
```

- B3 -

```
SIGL=SIGL/DEG
      SIGZ = SIGZ/DEG
C
C
         COMPUTE INCLINATION STATISTICS
C
C
         COMPUTE LATITUDE, AZIMUTH STATISTICS
C
      CALL STAT(DLAT, DZ, NFLT2, ICOR, IMEAN)
C
         COMPUTE EXPECTED VALUE OF INCLINATION
      FI1=INCLN(LAT+LTMEAN, AZMUTH+ZMEAN)/DEG
      EI2=0.5*P1L2*SIGL**2
      EI3=0.5*PIZ2*SIGZ**2
      EI4=PILZ*ELZ
      EI=(EI1+EI2+EI3+EI4) +DEG
      MEANI=EI-INCL
C
         COMPUTE VARIANCE OF INCLINATION
C
      TERM1 = PIL + + 2 + SIGL + + 2
      TERM2 = PIZ + + 2 + SIGZ + + 2
      TERM3=2.*PIL*PIZ*ELZ
      TERM4=PIL*PIL2*M3L
      TERM5=PIZ*PIZ2*M3Z
      TERM6=PIL+PIZ2+ELZ2
      TERM7=PIZ*PIL2*EL2Z
      TERM8=2.*PIL*PILZ*EL2Z
      TERM9=2.*PIZ*PILZ*ELZ2
      VARI=TERM1+TEPM2+TERM3+TERM4+TERM5+TERM6+TERM7+TERM8+TERM9
      SIGI=SQRT(VARI) +DEG
          COMPUTE THIRD MOMENT AND SKEWNESS OF INCLINATION
C
      M3I=PIL*+3*M3L+PIZ*+3*M3Z+3.*PIL*+2*PIZ*EL2Z+3.*PIL*PIZ*+2*ELZ2
      ALPHA3=M3I/SQRT(VARI**3)
         COMPUTE FOURTH MOMENT AND KURTOSIS OF INCLINATION
C
      M4I=PIL+*4*M4L+PIZ+*4*M4Z+4.*PIL**3*PIZ*EL3Z+4.*PIL*PIZ**3*ELZ3+6.
           *PIL**2*PIZ**2*EL2Z2
      ALPHA4=M4I/VARI++2
C
      VARI=VARI+DEG++2
      SIGL=SIGL*DEG
      SIGZ=SIGZ*DEG
      IPAGE=4
      WRITE(6,90) KASE, IPAGE, TITLE1, TITLE2
      WRITE(6,160) INCL, LAT, AZMUTH, MEANI, VARI, SIGI, M3I, ALPHA3, M4I, ALPHA4
      WRITE(6,170) LTMEAN, LGMEAN, NFLT2, ZM, NFLT, ZMEAN, SIGL, SIGLON,
                    NFLT2, SIGZET, NFLTX, SIGZ, RHOLZ, RHOLL, RHOLOZ
      WRITE(6,180) PIL, ELZ, PILZ, ELZZ, PIZ, ELZZ, PIZZ, ELZZZ, PILZ, ELZZ
      WRITE(6,190) M3L, TERM1, M4L, TERM2, M3Z, TERM3, M4Z, TERM4,
                    TERM5, TERM6, TERM7, TERM8, TERM9
      GOTO 10
C
   70 FORMAT (1H1)
80 FORMAT (A5,F4.0,5F7.0,2F8.0,2F10.0)
   90 FORMAT (1H1/T66, *VOUGHT CORPORATION*, /T72, *PROGRAM MIED*,/
               T66, *CASE *12*
                                   PAGE *, I1/ 2(10X,8A10/)/)
  100 FORMAT (26X, *FLIGHT EXPERIENCE ERRORS*, //
```

- B4 --

```
16x, +ONLY SAMPLES WITH LATITUDE, LONGITUDE ERRORS+,//
             11x, * VEHICLE
                               LATITUDE LONGITUDE AZIMUTH
                                                                  RANGE*,
   ^
                  C-RANGE* . /
             21X,3(7X, *DEG*),2(7X, *NMI*)/)
110 FORMAT (10X, 12, 2X, A5, 3X, 5F10.3)
120 FORMAT (31X, *ADJUSTED ERRORS *, //
             17x, +ONLY SAMPLES WITH LATITUDE, LONGITUDE ERRORS+,//
             29X, *AZIMUTH= *, F8.3, * DEG *)
130 FORMAT (4(/)23X, *LATITUDE LONGITUDE AZIMUTH INCLINATION*,/
            19X,4(7X,*DEG*)//50(18X,12,4F10.3/))
140 FORMAT (6(/)22x, +COVARIANCE MATRIX BASED ON+, 13, + FLIGHTS+,/
             25X, *LATITUDE-LONGITUDE-AZIMUTH-DEG*, //
             3(15X,3F15.6,/))
150 FORMAT (15X, *AZIMUTH DEVIATIONS(DEG) *,/
             20X, * FLIGHT EXPERIENCE * , //
            100(15x, I2, 3x, A5, 3x, F7.3,/1)
160 FORMAT ( 10x, *NOMINAL VALUES
                                                    *,G15.6/
               10X,*
                       INCLINATION, DEG
               10x,*
                       LATITUDE, DEG
                                                    *,G15.6/
               10X,*
                       AZIMUTH, DEG
                                                    *,G15.6/
               10x, *INCLINATION STATISTICS
                                                    *,
                                                    *, G15.6/
               10x,*
                       MEAN, DEG
               10×,*
                       VARIANCE, DEG
                                                    *,G15.6/
                       STANDARD DEVIATION, DEG
                                                    *,G15.6/
               10X.*
                       THIRD MOMENT
               10X.*
                                                    *,G15.6/
               10x,*
                       SKEWNESS
                                                    *,G15.6/
                       FOURTH MOMENT
                                                    *,G15.6/
               10X,*
               10X*
                       KURTOSIS
                                                    *,G15.6)
                                                    ٠,
              10X, *MEAN VALUES
170 FORMAT (
                       LATITUDE, DEG
                                                    *,G15.6/
               10×,*
               10×,+
                       LONGITUDE, DEG
                                                    *,G15.6/
               10X,*
                       AZIMUTH(+, 12, + FLIGHTS), DEG
                                                        *,G15.6/
                       AZIMUTH(*,12,* FLIGHTS), DEG
               10x.+
                                                         *,G15.6/
               10x + STANDARD DEVIATIONS
                       LATITUDE, DEG
                                                    *,G15.6/
               10X,*
                                                    *,G15.6/
               10x,*
                       LONGITUDE, DEG
               10x,*
                       A7IMUTH(+,12,+ FLIGHTS), DEG
                                                        *,G15.6/
                       AZIMUTH(*,12,* FLIGHTS), DEG
                                                         *,G15.6/
               10X,*
               10x, *CORRELATION COEFFICIENTS
                                                    *,
                       LATITUDE-AZIMUTH
                                                    *,G15.6/
               10X,*
                       LATITUDE-LONGITUDE
                                                    *,G15.6/
               10×,+
                       LONGITUDE-AZIMUTH
                                                    *,G15.6)
               10X.*
180 FORMAT (////10x, *TERMS OF THE INCLINATION STATISTICAL EQUATIONS */
                           (I=INCLINATION; L=LATITUDE; Z=AZIMUTH)
                                                                       */
                 10X,*
               / 10x,* PARTIAL DERIVATIVES
                                                      EXPECTED VALUES */
                                                            RADIANS
                            UNITLESS
                 10X,*
                                                   *, E15.6 /
                 10X, *PIL
                             *, E15.6, *
                                             ELZ
                                                   *,E15.6 /
                 10X,*PIL2
                            *,E15.6,*
                                             EL 2Z
                                                  *,E15.6 /
                 10X, PIZ
                             *,E15.6,*
                                             ELZ2
                                             EL272 +, E15.6 /
                             *,E15.6,*
                 10X, *PIZ2
                 10x, *PILZ
                             *, E15.6, *
                                             EL3Z
                                                  *,E15.6 /
                                             ELZ3 *, E15.6 )
                                15X,*
                 10X,*
                             *,
                /10X+
                                                      VARIANCE TERMS */
190 FORMAT (
                             MOMENTS
                             RADIANS
                                                           RADIANS
                 10X, *
                 10X,*M3L
                                             TERM1 +, E15.6 /
                             *, E15.6,*
                                             TERM2 +, E15.6 /
                             *, E15.6, *
                 10X**M4L
                                             TERM3 +,E15.6 /
                 10x, + M3Z
                             *, E15.6, *
```

- B5 -

```
SUBROUTINE CARDS (NSAMP, NMAX)
C
         THIS SUBROUTINE READS FIXED FIELD DATA CARDS IN (A)
         FORMAT, WRITES ON UNIT 6 FOR PRINTOUT AND WRITES ON
C
C
         UNIT 8 FOR SUBSEQUENT READING IN (F) FORMAT.
C
      IMPLICIT INTEGER (A-Z)
      DIMENSION CARD(8)
C
      NSAMP=0
      MAX=NMAX+1
      READ(5,50) CARD
         IF (EOF(5).NE.0) GOTO 30
      WRITE(6,60) CARD
         DO 10 I=1, MAX
             READ(5,50) CARD
             WRITE(6,60) CARD
             WRITE(8,50) CARD
             IF (CARD(1).EQ.4HEND ) GOTO 20
         CONTINUE
      WRITE(6,70) NMAX
      GOTO 40
   20 CONTINUE
      NSAMP=I-1
         IF (NSAMP.LE.O) WRITE(6,80)
         IF (NSAMP.LE.O) GOTO 40
      REWIND 8
      RETURN
   30 CONTINUE
      WRITE(6,90)
   40 STOP
C
   50 FORMAT (8A10)
   60 FORMAT (5x,8A10)
70 FORMAT (//15x, *SUBROUTINE CARDS - SAMPLES EXCEEDS MAX OF * 14)
   80 FORMAT (//15x, *SUBROUTINE CARDS - NO DATA PROVIDED*)
   90 FORMAT (//15x, *SUBROUTINE CARDS - NO SAMPLES INPUT*)
      END
```

– в7 –

```
SUBROUTINE INPUT (TITLE1, TITLE2)
C
         THIS SUBROUTINE READS MODIFIED NAMELIST FORMATTED DATA.
         IT READS A CARD ON UNIT 5, WRITES THE CARD ON UNIT 6,
C
         WRITES THE CARD ON UNIT 8 (FIRST 72 CHARACTERS ONLY).
C
         THE TITLE 1 AND TITLE 2 CARDS ARE NOT WRITTEN ON UNIT 8
         BUT THE DATA IS PLACED IN THE TITLE AND TITLE ARRAYS
Ç
         FOR TRANSFER BACK TO THE CALLING PROGRAM. TITLE1 AND
C
         TITLE2= CARDS MUST BEGIN IN COLUMN 2 WITH NO SPACES.
         THE CALLING PROGRAM MUST BLANK THE TITLE ARRAYS,
C
         CALL INPUT (ARG1, ARG2, ), AND READ(8, INPUTD). NAMELIST
C
C
         DATA MUST BEGIN WITH $INPUTD AND END WITH $END, BOTH
         BEGINNING IN COLUMN 2.
C
      IMPLICIT INTEGER(A-Z)
      DIMENSION TITLE1(8), TITLE2(8), CARD(8)
      DATA BLANK/10H
C
      REWIND 8
      WRITE (6,40)
   10 CONTINUE
         READ(5,50) CARD
         IF (EOF(5).NE.O) STOP
         WRITE(6,60) CARD
C
            BLANK COLUMNS 9 AND 10
         ENCODE (10,70, WORD) CARD(1), BLANK
         IF (WORD.NE.10H TITLE1= ) GOTO 20
            CARD READ IS A TITLE CARD
C
            ENCODE (72,80,TITLE1) CARD
            GOTO 10
C
         CONTINUE
   20
         IF (WORD.NE.10H TITLE2= ) GOTO 30
            CARD READ IS A TITLE CARD
C
             ENCODE (72,80,TITLE2) CARD
            GOTO 10
C
         CONTINUE
   30
            CARD READ IS NOT A TITLE CARD
C
            BLANK COLUMNS 73-80 OF DATA CARD
C
         ENCODE (10,90,CARD(8)) CARD(8),BLANK
         WRITE(8,50) CARD
                                   ) GOTO 10
      IF (CARD(1).NE.10H SEND
C
      REWIND 8
      CALL DATE(DAT)
      CALL TIME(TIM)
      WRITE(6,100) DAT, TIM
      RETURN
C
   40 FORMAT (1H1)
   50 FORMAT (8A10)
   60 FORMAT (10X,8A10)
   70 FORMAT (A8,A2)
   80 FORMAT (R2,7A10)
90 FORMAT (A2,A8)
  100 FORMAT (////, 10X, *DATE IS *A9/
                     10X, *TIME IS *A9)
```

- 88 -

END

```
SUBROUTINE CORSIG(X, Y, NSAMP, SIGMAX, SIGMAY, RHOXY,
                        XMEAN, YMEAN, IMEAN, ICOR)
         CALCULATES MEAN, STANDARD DEVIATION AND CORRELATION COEFFICIENTS
Ç
C
         OF TWO VARIABLES OF NSAMP SAMPLES.
C
         ********** INPUT DATA *********
C
                * ARRAY OF SAMPLE VALUES OF VARIABLE X
C
                * ARRAY OF SAMPLE VALUES OF VARIABLE Y
         Y
C
         NSAMP
                - NUMBER OF SAMPLE VALUES
C
C
         IMEAN
               . O IF MEAN VALUES OF VARIABLES X AND Y
                    ARE TO BE SET TO ZERO.
¢
C
                = 1 IF MEAN VALUES OF VARIABLES X AND Y
                    ARE TO BE CALCULATED.
C
C
         ********
                        OUTPUT DATA
                                     ***********
C
         SIGMAX - STANDARD DEVIATION OF VARIABLE X
C
         SIGMAY = STANDARD DEVIATION OF VARIABLE Y
C
               * CORRELATION COEFFICIENT OF VARIABLES X AND Y
C
         RHOXY
               - MEAN VALUE OF VARIABLE X
C
         XMEAN
         YMEAN - MEAN VALUE OF VARIABLE Y
C
C
      IMPLICIT REAL (A-H, 0-Z)
      DIMENSION X(1),Y(1)
C
C
      XSUM=0.
      YSUM-0.
      XSQSUM=0.
      YSQSUM=0.
      XYSUM=0.
      RHOXY = 0.
      SAMPN=NSAMP
      DO 10 I=1, NSAMP
         XSUM=XSUM+X(I)
         YSUM=YSUM+Y(I)
         XSQSUM=XSQSUM+X(I)*X(I)
         YSQSUM=YSQSUM+Y(I)*Y(I)
         XYSUM=XYSUM+X(I)*Y(I)
   10 CONTINUE
      XMEAN=0.
      YMEAN=0.
      IF (IMEAN.NE.O) XMEAN=XSUM/SAMPN
      IF (IMEAN.NE.C) YMEAN=YSUM/SAMPN
      SIGMAX=SQRT(XSQSUM/(SAMPN-1.)-XMEAN*+2)
      SIGMAY=SQRT(YSQSUM/(SAMPN-1.)-YMEAN++2)
      IF (ICOR.NE.O)
         RHOXY=(XYSUM-SAMPN+XMEAN+YMEAN)/SAMPN/SIGMAX/SIGMAY
      RETURN
      END
```

- B9 -

```
SUBROUTINE STAT(DX, DY, NSAMP, ICOR, IMEAN)
C
           THIS SUBROUTINE CALCULATES EXPECTED VALUES AND STATISTICAL
           MOMENTS OF TWO VARIABLES.
C
C
             ******* INPUT DATA *******
           * ARRAY OF SAMPLE VALUES OF VARIABLE X, DEG
      D X
C
C
           - ARRAY OF SAMPLE VALUES OF VARIABLE Y, DEG
      NSAMP = NUMBER OF SAMPLES
      ICOR = NON-ZERO VALUE RESULTS IN INCLUSION OF CORRELATION
C
             TERMS, I.E., EXPECTED VALUES BETWEEN THE TWO VARIABLES
C
C
             ARE CALCULATED.
      IMEAN = NON-ZERO VALUE RESULTS IN CALCULATION OF MEAN VALUES
C
             OF THE TWO VARIABLES. ZERO VALUE ASSUMES ZERO MEANS.
C
C
C
             ******* OUTPUT DATA *******
           - EXPECTED VALUES OF VARIABLES X AND Y
C
      EXY
      M3X = THIRD MOMENT OF VARIABLE X
Ç
C
          - THIRD MOMENT OF VARIABLE Y
      M3Y
          - FOURTH MOMENT OF VARIABLE X
C
      M4X
C
      M4Y
          - FOURTH MOMENT OF VARIABLE Y
C
      IMPLICIT REAL(A-H, M, O-Z)
      COMMON /STATS/ EXY, EXZY, EXY2, EX3Y, EXY3, EX2Y2, M3X, M3Y, M4X, M4Y
      DIMENSION DX(1), DY(1)
      DATA DEG/57.29578/
      SAMP=NSAMP
      EXY=0.
      EX2Y=0.
      EXY2=0.
      EX3Y=0.
      EXY3=0.
      EX2Y2=0.
      M3X=0.
      M3Y=0.
      M4X =0 .
      M4Y=0.
      XSUM=0.
      YSUM=0.
      EX=0.
      EY=0.
      IF (IMEAN.EQ.O) GOTO 20
      DO 10 I=1, NSAMP
         XSUM = XSUM +DX(I)
         YSUM=YSUM+DY(I)
   10 CONTINUE
      EX=XSUM/SAMP
      EY=YSUM/SAMP
   20 CONTINUE
      DO 30 I-1, NSAMP
         DDX=(DX(I)-EX)/DEG
         DDY=(DY(I)-EY)/DEG
         DX2=DDX**2
         DX3=DDX**3
         DX4=DDX**4
         DY2=DDY**2
```

- B10 -

```
DY3=DDY++3
      DY4=DDY++4
      M3X=M3X+DX3
      M3Y=M3Y+DY3
      M4X=M4X+DX4
      M4Y=M4Y+DY4
      IF (ICOR.EQ.O) GOTO 30
         EXY=EXY+DDX+DDY
         EX2Y=EX2Y+DX2*DDY
         EXY2=EXY2+DDX+DY2
         EX3Y=EX3Y+DX3*DDY
         EXY3-EXY3+DDX+DY3
         EX2Y2=EX2Y2+DX2*DY2
30 CONTINUE
   M3X=M3X/SAMP
   M3Y-M3Y/SAMP
   M4X=M4X/SAMP
   H4Y=M4Y/SAMP
   EXY-EXY/SAMP
   EX2Y=EX2Y/SAMP
   EXY2=EXY2/SAMP
   EX3Y=EX3Y/SAMP
   EXY3=EXY3/SAMP
   EX2Y2=EX2Y2/SAMP
   RETURN
   END
```

- B11 -

APPENDIX C

SCIENTIFIC DATA PROCESSING ROUTINE SUMMARY DOCUMENTATION

IDENTIFICATION
Title Moments of Inclination Error Distribution (MIED)
Routine No. 7229 Date Filed April 70 Security Class. U
Responsible Engineer T. R. Myler
Date Completed April 1970 Source FORTRAN Other Language: IV
Key Words Orbit inclination, statistics
RESOURCE REQUIREMENTS
Typical CPU 10 sec Machine(s) CDC CYBER 175 No. Source Cards 51 Core 42k (octal) Tape none Plot no Graphics none Other
DESCRIPTION
Purpose: To compute inclination error statistics based on flight experience using a closed form solution.
Input: Predicted insertion conditions and observed deviations of past flights; nominal insertion conditions of orbit requiring inclination error statistics.
Output: Mean, standard deviation, variance, third moment, skewness, fourth moment and kurtosis of inclination error; means, standard deviations and correlations of azimuth, latitude and longitude.

DOCUMENTATION

inclination to latitude and azimuth.

Vought Report 2-53030/1R-52638, "Moments of Inclination Error Distribution Computer Program" dated 1 March 1981.

Functional Description: A Taylor series expansion is used to generate statistical moments of a multivariable system, which is the relationship of

1 Report No NASA CR-165824	2 Government Acces	sion No	3	Recipient's Catalog No			
4 Title and Subtitle				Report Date			
Moments of Inclination E	rror		1	December 1981			
Distribution Computer Pr			— —	Performing Organization Code			
7 Author(s)			8	Performing Organization Report No			
T. R. Myler							
<u> </u>			10	Work Unit No			
9 Performing Organization Name and Add Vought Corporation	ress						
P. 0. Box 225907			11	Contract or Grant No			
Dallas, TX 75265			ļ	NAS1-15000			
			13	Type of Report and Period Covered			
12 Sponsoring Agency Name and Address				Contractor Report			
National Aeronautics and	Space Administrat	tion	ļ	·			
Washington, DC 20546				Sponsoring Agency Code			
				490-02-02-77-00			
Langley Technical Monitor: R. J. Keynton							
a data base of trajectory error statistics. The Scoterrors in the trajectory pazimuth, latitude and long. The Scout data base inclusion southerly to slightly west errors, result from crossiflights. Therefore, latiticonsistent sample set of enecessary to have a consistences are adjusted for the azimuth, latitude and the range errors are calculate flight azimuth, these errors are interest. The methods used to general have other applications, output definitions, subrotest.	out flight history parameters - altitude. des flights with late of south. Latitude errors on each stent set of sample flight azimuth in errors on each ed. Since range are can be converted to the error statuded in this	data bas ude, velo aunch azi ude error sterly fl flight a e latituo of intere flight of nd crossr ed to lat istics ar report ar	muths ranging which projects, which projects and range errors the data because errors itude errors to generate program to contract the descriptions of the data because errors to generate program to contract the descriptions of generate the descriptions of generate the descriptions of the d	of orbit insertion t path angle, flight ng from easterly to oduce inclination ange errors on southerly base are not a nsertion. Since it is he data base latitude g the nominal flight ase, range and cross- are independent of the s for the flight l interest since they heory, user instructions			
							
17 Key Words (Suggested by Author(s))	18 Distribut	on Statement					
Orbital: Mechanics, error							
	FEDD Distribution						
-	Subject Category 61						
19 Security Classif (of this report)	20 Security Classif (of this	page)	21. No of Pages	22 Price			
Unclassified	Unclassified		50	 			

